Section 1 – Annual governance statement 2015/16

We acknowledge as the members of:

Enter name of
smaller authority here:

Wellande Deeping'S IDB

our responsibility for ensuring that there is a sound system of internal control, including the preparation of the accounting statements. We confirm, to the best of our knowledge and belief, with respect to the accounting statements for the year ended 31 March 2016, that:

		Agreed			'Yes'	
		Yes	1	lo*	means that this smaller authority:	
۱.	We have put in place arrangements for effective financial management during the year, and for the preparation of the accounting statements.	/			prepared its accounting statements in accordance with the Accounts and Audit Regulations.	
2.	We maintained an adequate system of internal control, including measures designed to prevent and detect fraud and corruption and reviewed its effectiveness.	responsibility for safe			made proper arrangements and accepted responsibility for safeguarding the public mone and resources in its charge.	
3.	We took all reasonable steps to assure ourselves that there are no matters of actual or potential non-compliance with laws, regulations and proper practices that could have a significant financial effect on the ability of this smaller authority to conduct its business or on its finances.	1			has only done what it has the legal power to do and has complied with proper practices in doing so.	
•	We provided proper opportunity during the year for the exercise of electors' rights in accordance with the requirements of the Accounts and Audit Regulations.	1			during the year gave all persons interested the opportunity to inspect and ask questions about his authority's accounts.	
i.	We carried out an assessment of the risks facing this smaller authority and took appropriate steps to manage those risks, including the introduction of internal controls and/or external insurance cover where required.	/			considered the financial and other risks it faces and has dealt with them properly.	
i.	We maintained throughout the year an adequate and effective system of internal audit of the accounting records and control systems.	1			arranged for a competent person, independer of the financial controls and procedures, to gir an objective view on whether internal controls meet the needs of this smaller authority.	
•	We took appropriate action on all matters raised in reports from internal and external audit.	1			responded to matters brought to its attention to internal and external audit.	
	We considered whether any litigation, liabilities or commitments, events or transactions, occurring either during or after the year-end, have a financial impact on this smaller authority and, where appropriate have included them in the accounting statements.	/			disclosed everything it should have about its business activity during the year including events taking place after the year-end if relevant.	
	(For local councils only) Trust funds including charitable. In our capacity as the sole managing trustee we discharged our accountability responsibilities for the fund(s)/assets, including financial reporting and, if required, independent examination or audit.	Yes	No	NA	has met all of its responsibilities where it is a sole managing trustee of a local trust or trusts.	
This annual governance statement is approved by this smaller authority and recorded as minute reference:			Signed by: Chair dated		T. chur.	
					9/6/2016	
dated 9/6/2016			Signed by:			
		Clerk		<	6.08-	
			dated		9/6/2016	

*Note: Please provide explanations to the external auditor on a separate sheet for each 'No' response. Describe how this smaller authority will address the weaknesses identified.

Section 2 - Accounting statements 2015/16 for

Enter name of smaller authority here:

Wellande Deepings IDB

		Year ending		Notes and guidance		
		31 March 2015 £	31 March 2016 £	Please round all figures to nearest £1. Do not leave any boxes blank and report £0 or Nil balances. All figures must agree to underlying financial records.		
1.	Balances brought forward	415612	2712079	Total balances and reserves at the beginning of the year as recorded in the financial records. Value must agree to Box 7 of previous year.		
2.	(+) Precept or Rates and Levies	2036925	2071334	Total amount of precept or (for IDBs) rates and levies received or receivable in the year. Exclude any grants received.		
3.	(+) Total other receipts	291070	425838	Total income or receipts as recorded in the cashbook less the precept or rates/levies received (line 2). Include any grants received.		
4.	(-) Staff costs	945413	878934	Total expenditure or payments made to and on behalf of all employees. Include salaries and wages, PAYE and NI (employees and employers), pension contributions and employment expenses.		
5.	(-) Loan interest/capital repayments	1:00	1:0	Total expenditure or payments of capital and interest made during the year on the smaller authority's borrowings (if any).		
6.	(-) All other payments	1383477	1513389	Total expenditure or payments as recorded in the cashbook less staff costs (line 4) and loan interest/capital repayments (line 5).		
7.	(=) Balances carried forward	2712079	2816928	Total balances and reserves at the end of the year. Must equal $(1+2+3) - (4+5+6)$		
8.	Total value of cash and short term investments	07 <i>EPP</i> 04	2783802	The sum of all current and deposit bank accounts, cash holdings and short term investments held as at 31 March – To agree with bank reconciliation .		
9.	Total fixed assets plus long term investments and assets	2885221	3041901	The original Asset and Investment Register value of all fixed assets, plus other long term assets owned by the smaller authority as at 31 March		
10.	Total borrowings	1:00	1:00	The outstanding capital balance as at 31 March of all loans from third parties (including PWLB).		
11.	(For Local Councils Only) Disclosure note re Trust funds (including charitable)	2	Yes No	The Council acts as sole trustee for and is responsible for managing Trust funds or assets. N.B. The figures in the accounting statements above do not include any Trust transactions.		

I certify that for the year ended 31 March 2016 the accounting statements in this annual return present fairly the financial position of this smaller authority and its income and expenditure, or properly present receipts and payments, as the case may be.

Signed by Responsible Financial Officer

120.D	
3/5/2016	
	315/2016

I confirm that these accounting statements were approved by this smaller authority on this date:

	9/6/2016		
and record	ed as minute reference:		
	29/16		
Signed by Chair of the meeting approving these accounting statements.			
	T. Sto	- 1	
Date	9/6/2016		

INSERT NAME OF SMALLER AUTHORITY

DECLARATION OF STATUS OF PUBLISHED ACCOUNTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2016

The Accounts and Audit Regulations 2015 (SI 2015 No.234)

1. The statement of accounts for <u>Welland & Deepings TDB</u> * published today is unaudited and may be subject to change. * insert name of Smaller Authority * insert name of Smaller Authority	
2. Signed by:	
Signature: LQ-DoPT	
Date: 10th JUNE 2016	
RESPONSIBLE FINANCIAL OFFICER	

INSERT NAME OF SMALLER AUTHORITY

NOTICE OF DATE OF COMMENCEMENT OF PERIOD FOR THE EXERCISE OF PUBLIC RIGHTS

ACCOUNTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2016

The Accounts and Audit Regulations 2015 (SI 2015 No.234) The Local Audit and Accountability Act 2014

NOTICE	NOTES		
1. Date of announcement 10th June 2016 (a)	(a)	Insert date of placing of this notice	
 Sections 26 and 27 of the Local Audit and Accountability Act 2014 provide for: Any person interested has the opportunity to inspect and make copies of the Annual Return and all books, deeds, contracts, bills, vouchers and receipts etc. relating to them. For the year ended 31 March 2016 these documents will be available on reasonable notice on application to the person in paragraph 3 below. 		Sections 26 and 27 of the Local Audit and Accountability Act 2014 must be published with this Notice	
 Local Government Electors and their representatives have rights to: 			
 question the auditor about the accounts: and 			
 object to the accounts or any item in them. Written notice of an objection must first be given to the auditor and a copy sent to the Smaller Authority. 			
The auditor can be contacted at the address in paragraph 5 below for this purpose.			
Person to which you can apply to inspect the accounts (b)	(b)	Insert name, position, address and contact details such as	
Name: Mrs Km Daft		telephone and email of the Clerk or other person to which any	
Position: Chief Executive	*)	person may apply to inspect the accounts, and the details of the manner in which notice should be	
Address: Deoping House, Wolland Terrace, Spolding		given of an intention to inspect the accounting records and other documents	
Tel no: 01775 72586)		accumente	
Email: Karonalwellandidb.org.uk			
 Any rights of inspection, objection, and questioning of the auditor may only be exercised within a single period of 30 working days: 			
commencing on (c) 13th June 2016	(c)	Insert date at least 1 working day after the Date of announcement in paragraph 1 above and between 3 June 2016 and 1 July 2016.	
and ending on (d) 22nd July 2016	(d)	The inspection period between (c) and (d) must be 30 consecutive working days and must include the first 10 working days of July. Exclude weekends.	
5. Your appointed auditor is: Mark Heap Grant Thornton UK LLP Royal Liver Building Liverpool L3 1PS Tel: 0151 224 7200			
For more detailed guidance on electors' rights and the special powers of auditors, copies of the publication Council Accounts – A Guide to Your Rights are available from the National Audit Office website.			

Local Audit and Accountability Act 2014 (c. 2)

26 Inspection of documents etc

- (1) At each audit of accounts under this Act, other than an audit of accounts of a health service body, any persons interested may—
- a) inspect the accounting records for the financial year to which the audit relates and all books, deeds, contracts, bills, vouchers, receipts and other documents relating to those records, and
- (b) make copies of all or any part of those records or documents.
- (2) At the request of a local government elector for any area to which the accounts relate, the local auditor must give the elector, or any representative of the elector, an opportunity to question the auditor about the accounting records.
- (3) The local auditor's reasonable costs of complying with subsection (2) are recoverable from the relevant authority to which the accounts relate.
- (4) This section does not entitle a person-
- (a) to inspect or copy any part of any record or document containing information which is protected on the grounds of commercial confidentiality, or
- (b) to require any such information to be disclosed in answer to any question.
- (5) Information is protected on the grounds of commercial confidentiality if-
- (a) its disclosure would prejudice commercial confidentiality, and
- (b) there is no overriding public interest in favour of its disclosure.
- (6) This section does not entitle a person-
- (a) to inspect or copy any part of any record or document containing personal information, or
- (b) to require any personal information to be disclosed in answer to any question.
- (7) Information is personal information if it identifies a particular individual or enables a particular individual to be identified (but see subsection (8)).
- (8) Information is not personal information merely because it relates to a business carried on by an individual as a sole trader.
- (9) Information is personal information if it is information about an officer of the relevant authority which relates specifically to a particular individual and is available to the authority because—
- (a) the individual holds or has held an office or employment with that authority, or
- (b) payments or other benefits in respect of an office or employment under any other person are or have been made or provided to that individual by that authority.
- (10) For the purposes of subsection (9)—
- (a) "the relevant authority" means the relevant authority whose accounts are being audited, and
- (b) payments made or benefits provided to an individual in respect of an office or employment include any payment made or benefit provided in respect of the individual ceasing to hold the office or employment.

27 Right to make objections at audit

- (1) This section applies if, at an audit of accounts under this Act other than an audit of accounts of a health service body, a local government elector for an area to which the accounts relate makes an objection to the local auditor which meets the requirements in subsection (2) and which—
- (a) concerns a matter in respect of which the auditor could make a public interest report, or
- (b) concerns a matter in respect of which the auditor could apply for a declaration under section 28.
- (2) The requirements are that-
- (a) the objection is made in writing, and
- (b) a copy of the objection is sent to the relevant authority whose accounts are being audited.
- (3) The local auditor must decide—
- (a) whether to consider the objection, and
- (b) if the auditor does so, whether to take action within paragraph (a) or (b) of subsection (1) in response.
- (4) The local auditor may decide not to consider the objection if, in particular, the auditor thinks that—
- (a) the objection is frivolous or vexatious,
- (b) the cost of the auditor considering the objection would be disproportionate to the sums to which the objection relates, or
- (c) the objection repeats an objection already considered—
- (i) under this section by a local auditor of the authority's accounts, or
- (ii) under section 16 of the Audit Commission Act 1998 by an auditor appointed under that Act in relation to those accounts.
- (5) Subsection (4)(b) does not entitle the local auditor to refuse to consider an objection which the auditor thinks might disclose serious concerns about how the relevant authority is managed or led.
- (6) If the local auditor decides not to take action within paragraph (a) or (b) of subsection (1), the auditor may recommend that the relevant authority should instead take action in response to the objection.
- (7) The local auditor's reasonable costs of exercising functions under this section are recoverable from the relevant authority.